Training and Evaluation Outline Report

Status: Approved 09 Apr 2015 Effective Date: 03 Oct 2016

Task Number: 71-8-7430

Task Title: Coordinate Support for Domestic Chemical, Biological, Radiological, or Nuclear Incidents (Brigade - Corps)

Distribution Restriction: Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

Destruction Notice: None

Foreign Disclosure: FD1 - This training product has been reviewed by the training developers in coordination with the Fort Leavenworth foreign disclosure officer. This training product can be used to instruct international military students from all approved countries without restrictions.

Supporting Reference(s):

Step Number	Reference ID	Reference Name	Required	Primary
	ATP 3-28.1	MULTI-SERVICE TACTICS, TECHNIQUES, AND PROCEDURES FORDEFENSE SUPPORT OF CIVIL AUTHORITIES AND INTEGRATING WITHNATIONAL GUARD CIVIL SUPPORT	Yes	No
	JP 3-41	CHEMICAL, BIOLOGICAL, RADIOLOGICAL, NUCLEAR, AND HIGH YIELD EXPLOSIVES CONSEQUENCE MANAGEMENT	Yes	Yes

Conditions: The command receives a mission order from higher headquarters and the commander issues guidance for coordinating support for domestic chemical, biological, radiological, and nuclear incidents. The command establishes communications with subordinate and adjacent units and higher headquarters. The mission command system is operational and processing information. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP 4.

Standards: The staff coordinates support for a domestic chemical, biological, radiological, or nuclear incident. The staff coordinates deployment into a domestic environment and initial disaster assessment to identify specific needs and resource requirements in support of a domestic chemical, biological, radiological, or nuclear incident. The staff coordinates support for a domestic chemical, biological, radiological, or nuclear incident using the six phases of chemical, biological, radiological, or nuclear disaster response operations in accordance with the commanders intent, orders from higher headquarters, and standard operating procedures.

Live Fire Required: No

Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix:

Pla	Plan and Prepare			E	xe	cute			Assess	
Operationa Environmen	al nt	Training Environment (L/V/C)	% of Leaders Present at Training/Authorized	% of Soldiers Present at	External Eval	% Performance Measures 'GO'	% Critical Performance Measures 'GO'	% Leade Performa Measures	Task Assessment	
BDE & Above		ing nment //C)	aders ent at uthorized	oldiers ent at	ıl Eval	rmance es 'GO'	tical nance es 'GO'	% Leader Performance Measures 'GO'	essment	
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables			>=85%	000/	Yes	>=91%		>=90%	т	
OE Variables and Hybrid Threat)	Night	IAV	75-84%	>=80%	es	80-90%	All		T-	
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables			IAW unit CATS statement	65-74%	75-79%		65-79%		80-89%	P
and Single Threat)	Day	ant.	60-64%	60-74%	No	51-64%	•	700/	P-	
Dynamic and Complex (<all oe<br="">Variables and Single Threat)</all>	зу		<=59%	<=59%		<=50%	<all< td=""><td><=79%</td><td>U</td></all<>	<=79%	U	

Remarks: None
Notes: None
Safety Risk: Low

Task Statements

Cue: None

DANGER

Leaders have an inherent responsibility to conduct Risk Management to ensure the safety of all Soldiers and promote mission accomplishment.

WARNING

Risk Management is the Army's primary decision-making process to identify hazards, reduce risk, and prevent both accidental and tactical loss. All Soldiers have the responsibility to learn and understand the risks associated with this task.

CAUTION

Identifying hazards and controlling risks across the full spectrum of Army functions, operations, and activities is the responsibility of all Soldiers.

Performance Steps and Measures

NOTE: Assess task proficiency using the task evaluation criteria matrix.

 $\textbf{NOTE:} \ \, \mathsf{Asterisks} \ \, (^*) \ \, \mathsf{indicate} \ \, \mathsf{leader} \ \, \mathsf{steps}; \ \, \mathsf{plus} \ \, \mathsf{signs} \ \, (+) \ \, \mathsf{indicate} \ \, \mathsf{critical} \ \, \mathsf{steps}.$

STEP/MEASURE	GO	NO-GO	N/A
1. The staff maintains continuous situational awareness and preparedness (Phase 0-Shape).	N/A	N/A	N/A
a. Develop interagency coordination, planning, identification of gaps, exercises, and a public affairs outreach.	N/A	N/A	N/A
b. Prepare units to ensure readiness for execution.	N/A	N/A	N/A
c. Establish the end of the phase with the identification of a potential chemical, biological, radiological, and nuclear (CBRN) response mission through indication and warning.	N/A	N/A	N/A
2. The staff maintains situational awareness in order to anticipate CBRN incident response requirements (Phase I - Anticipate):	N/A	N/A	N/A
a. Coordinate with designated civilian authorities, state, federal departments, and agencies.	N/A	N/A	N/A
b. Notify and prepare the unit.	N/A	N/A	N/A
c. Employ defense coordinating officers and United States Northern Command situational teams post-incident to provide assessments.	N/A	N/A	N/A
d. Analyzes available assessments and CBRN incident reports to determine:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Scope and magnitude of the CBRN incident.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Available CBRN assets, capabilities, and/or units.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Potential command node requirements.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(4) State and Federal authorities and laws applicable to the CBRN incident.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(5) Civil authorities in charge of the incident area.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(6) Support required by civil authorities that is allowable under current legal authorizations.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(7) Mission assignments/tasks based on authorized support allowable to civilian authorities.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(8) Standing rules for the use of force and, if applicable, standing rules of engagement.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(9) Public affairs guidance from higher headquarters.	N/A	N/A	N/A
e. Directs a senior military officer from the deploying unit to deploy to the incident site.	N/A	N/A	N/A
f. Prepares the unit to deploy.	N/A	N/A	N/A
3. The staff coordinates the unit's response to seize and exploit the initiative, limit loss of life, mitigate suffering, curtail further significant damage, and maintain public confidence (Phase II - Respond).	N/A	N/A	N/A
a. Position required resources at the appropriate time and place.	N/A	N/A	N/A
b. Establish command relationships for the incident response forces.	N/A	N/A	N/A
c. Establish a common operational picture.	N/A	N/A	N/A
d. Coordinate reception, staging, onward movement, and integration, as necessary.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Forces prioritized to deploy for mission tasks directly involved in lifesaving and injury prevention.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Next in movement priority are forces that assess and establish operations or provide temporary critical life support.	N/A	N/A	N/A
e. Prepare Soldiers for mission assignments.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Reinforce Soldier skills.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Enforce individual protective measures.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Familiarize Soldiers with rules of engagement, if applicable.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(4) Reinforce situational awareness reporting requirements.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(5) Familiarize Soldiers with current Public Affairs guidance and how to deal with the media.	N/A	N/A	N/A
f. Verify units have a command relationship and capability to safely and effectively begin operations.	N/A	N/A	N/A
4. Coordinate and integrate staff planning and execution efforts with all unified action partners (Phase III – Dominate (Operate)).	N/A	N/A	N/A
a. Conduct primary mission assignments that involve incident site lifesaving and injury prevention.	N/A	N/A	N/A
b. Conduct other key tasks to include:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Hazard assessment.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Casualty search and rescue.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Decontamination.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(4) Medical services, evacuation, and logistical support.	N/A	N/A	N/A
c. Verify when units complete preponderance of incident site lifesaving mission assignments.	N/A	N/A	N/A
5. The staff coordinates stabilization procedures (Phase IV - Stabilize).	N/A	N/A	N/A
a. Verifies the completion of mission/tasks assignments.	N/A	N/A	N/A
b. Coordinates mission priority shift from loss of life and property to life sustainment operations.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Patient redistribution.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Logistical support.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Emergency support functions that minimize human suffering and enable community recovery.	N/A	N/A	N/A
c. Coordinates redeployment of non-mission essential personnel.	N/A	N/A	N/A

d. Verifies that civil authorities are postured to transition to recovery operations:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Capability to accommodate surge requirements for treatment of casualties.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Capability to provide critical life support.	N/A	N/A	N/A
6. The staff disengages during the transition phase when mitigation of the CBRN incident's effects achieved, civilian authorities able to provide adequate support, and there is no further requirement for military support (Phase V - Transition):	N/A	N/A	N/A
a. Coordinate with the lead civilian agency prior to transition of functions.	N/A	N/A	N/A
b. Verify all units comply with transition activities, such as:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Turn in federal, state, or civilian issued equipment.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Turn in all receipts and vouchers to the Defense Coordinating Officer (DCO) upon return to home station.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Coordinate all responsibilities to civilian counterparts.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(4) Coordinate with the DCO and Incident Commander on mission completion before redeploying.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(5) Consolidate costs associated with mission execution and submit a request for reimbursement to appropriate headquarters.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(6) Prepare an after action report and document lessons learned.	N/A	N/A	N/A

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	М	TOTAL
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES EVALUATED							
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES GO							
TRAINING STATUS GO/NO-GO							

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 M

COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT: T P U

Mission(s) supported: None

MOPP 4: Sometimes

MOPP 4 Statement: None

NVG: Never

NVG Statement: None

Prerequisite Collective Task(s):

Step Number	Task Number	Title	Proponent	Status
		Coordinate Commander's Critical Information Requirements (Battalion - Corps)	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-8-7410	Conduct Support to Civil Authorities (Brigade - Corps)	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved

Supporting Collective Task(s):

Step Number	Task Number	Title	Proponent	Status	
	71-8-5111	Conduct the Military Decisionmaking Process (Battalion - Corps)	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved	
	71-8-5144	Develop Running Estimates (Battalion - Corps)	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved	
	71-CORP-1200	Conduct Tactical Maneuver for Corps	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved	

OPFOR Task(s): None

Supporting Individual Task(s):

Step Number Task Number		Title	Proponent	Status	
	150-LDR-5002	Identify Prudent Risk	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved	
	150-LDR-5006	Conduct Disciplined Initiative	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved	
	150-LDR-5007	Create a Shared Understanding	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved	
150-LDR-5013		Organize the Staff for Operations (Battalion - Corps)	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved	
150-MC-5118		Prepare an Annex	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved	
150-MC-5125		Prepare a Fragmentary Order	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved	
150-MC-5131		Assist the Commander in Executing Operations	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved	
150-MC-5250		Employ a Mission Command Information System	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved	
150-MC-5315		Establish the Common Operational Picture	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved	
150-MC-6111		Employ Operations Security Measures	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved	
	171-159-0010	Operate the Chemical Defense System on the Mobile Gun System (MGS)	171 - Armor (Individual)	Approved	

Supporting Drill(s): None

Supported AUTL/UJTL Task(s):

Task ID	Title
ART 7.4.1.1 - INVALID	INVALID - Provide Disaster Relief

TADSS

TADSS ID	Title	Product Type	Quantity
No TADSS specified			

Equipment (LIN)

LIN	Nomenclature	Qty
No equipment specified		

Materiel Items (NSN)

NSN	LIN	Title	Qty
7010-01-443-2309		Computer System, Digital: AN/TYQ-45A	1

Environment: Environmental protection is not just the law but the right thing to do. It is a continual process and starts with deliberate planning. Always be alert to ways to protect our environment during training and missions. In doing so, you will contribute to the sustainment of our training resources while protecting people and the environment from harmful effects. Refer to the current Environmental Considerations manual and the current GTA Environmental-related Risk Assessment card.

Safety: In a training environment, leaders must perform a risk assessment in accordance with ATP 5-19, Risk Management. Leaders will complete the current Deliberate Risk Assessment Worksheet in accordance with the TRADOC Safety Officer during the planning and completion of each task and sub-task by assessing mission, enemy, terrain and weather, troops and support available-time available and civil considerations, (METT-TC). Note: During MOPP training, leaders must ensure personnel are monitored for potential heat injury. Local policies and procedures must be followed during times of increased heat category in order to avoid heat related injury. Consider the MOPP work/rest cycles and water replacement guidelines IAW FM 3-11.4, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Protection, FM 3-11.5, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Chemical, Biological, Radiological, and Nuclear Decontamination.